## Members of the Amman Framework Brief background

Listed in Alphabetic order- as of June 2011



**Dr. Asaad Al-Shamlan** is a Professor of Political Science at the Institute of Diplomatic Studies in Riyadh (Saudi Arabia). Dr. Al-Shamlan specializes in Gulf security issues, Saudi-American relations and contemporary theories of international politics among other disciplines.



Nabil Fahmy is presently Ambassador at Large at the Egyptian Foreign Ministry after completing his post as Ambassador of Egypt to the United States from October 1999 to September 2008, Since returning to Egypt he has also served as Chair nonresident' of the Monterey Center for Nonproliferation Study's Nuclear Non Proliferation Project. He also served as Egypt's Ambassador to Japan from September 1997-September 1999 and before that as the Political Advisor to the Foreign Minister and has held numerous posts in the Egyptian Government. Ambassador Fahmy is a career diplomat who has played an active role in the numerous efforts to bring peace to the Middle East, as well as in international and regional disarmament affairs. He headed the Egyptian delegation to the Middle East Peace Process Steering Committee in 1993 and the Egyptian delegation to the Multilateral Working Group on Regional Security and Arms Control emanating from the Madrid Peace Conference from December 1991. Over the years, Ambassador Fahmy has been a member of the Egyptian Missions to the United Nations (Disarmament and Political Affairs) in Geneva and New York . He was elected Vice Chairman of the First Committee on Disarmament and International Security Affairs of the 44th Session of the UN General Assembly in 1986. And from 1999 until 2003, he was a member of the UN Secretary General's Advisory Board of Disarmament Matters where he served as its chairman in 2001. Nabil Fahmy has written extensively on Middle East politics, peacemaking and regional security and disarmament.



**Nico Frandi** is a political desk officer in the Department of Non-Proliferation and Disarmament at the European External Action Service. He previously represented Italy as the 1st Secretary and Human Rights Officer in the Mission of Italy to the United Nations, and as the 1st Secretary and Deputy Head of Mission in the Embassy of Italy to Kuwait. He served as 2<sup>nd</sup> Secretary (seconded by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs) in the Council of the European Union, and assisted the European Correspondent throughout the Italian presidency of the EU. In 2000 Frandi worked as a consultant for the British American Security Information Council. Prior to this he conducted research for the Center for Strategic and International Studies in Washington, D.C.









**Dr Rebecca E. Johnson** is the founder-director of the Acronym Institute for Disarmament Diplomacy, and has analysed international security and multilateral diplomacy, including the NPT and related agreements, from the 1980s to the present. A prolific author and activist, Dr Johnson is currently Vice Chair of the International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons (ICAN) and a member of the International Panel on Fissile Materials (IPFM), as well as participating in various other civil society organisations such as Women in Black and IANSA. Her book on civil society and government strategies to achieve the CTBT, titled Unfinished Business, was published in May 2009 by the United Nations. She is also co-editor of a recent book on Trident and International Law, published in February 2011 (Luath Press).

Mohamad Kamran is the director science and technology and General Secretariat of the OIC, in KSA. His experience involves working as Pakistan's Alternate Permanent Representative in Vienna with the following areas of responsibility: International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization (CTBTO), UN Office on Drugs and Crimes (UNODC), UN Committee on Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UNCOPUOS). Moreover, he worked as the director of disarmament at the ministry of foreign affairs in Islamabad. Mr. Kamran participated in the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material, Draft UN Comprehensive Convention against Terrorism, UN Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (Firearms Protocol), UN Convention against Corruption, and Resolutions and texts of UN General Assembly First Committee, and a Member of Pakistan team for strategic and arms control talks with US, UK, Japan, Russia, France, China, EU (2005-2009).

Ayman Khalil is the director of the Arab Institute for Security Studies (ACSIS), a position he has held since 2002. It pursues specialized research on WMD proliferation, cooperative security mechanisms, foreign policy analysis, legislative infrastructure of disarmament treaties as well as other tracks. ACSIS is active in introducing curriculums on security studies, produces a radio documentary on "security terms and terminology" and liaise between military colleges in the Arab region. Dr. Khalil is a physicist by training, he served as chair of the National Initiative on Environmental Security, joined the United Nations for five years, and was commissioned to lead a UN goodwill mission to Turkey and Cyprus in 1999. Dr. Khalil's role was instrumental in concluding bilateral agreements with the League of Arab States as well as establishing liaison offices for UN special programs in the Gulf region. He is the editor of various books, and the author of many papers and articles, including "White Paper on Jordanian Foreign Policy."

Kenneth N. Luongo is the President and founder of the Partnership for Global Security (PGS). From 1997- 2004 he also was a Senior Visiting Fellow and Visiting Research Collaborator with Princeton University's Program on Science and Global Security. Prior to these positions, from 1994-1997, Mr. Luongo served as the Senior Advisor to the Secretary of Energy for Nonproliferation Policy and the Director of the Office of Arms Control and Nonproliferation at the U.S. Department of Energy. In addition, Mr. Luongo served as the Director of the Department of Energy's Russia and Newly Independent States Nuclear Material Security Task Force and as the Director of DoE's North Korea Task Force. Prior to these positions, he served as a professional staff member in the U.S. Congress with the House Armed Services Committee, Senator Carl Levin (D-MI), and Senator William Proxmire (D-WI). Mr. Luongo was also the Senior Washington Representative for Arms Control and International Security with the Union of Concerned Scientists and was a Senior Program Associate at the American Association for the Advancement of Science





Yuri Yudin, a Russian national, is a Senior Researcher at the United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research (UNIDIR) and manager of the Multinational Approaches to the Nuclear Fuel Cycle project. Prior to this appointment, Yuri Yudin was a Research Associate at RFNC-VNIIEF – the Russian Federal Nuclear Center – All-Russian Research Institute of Experimental Physics. Since mid-1990s he has been engaged in research activities in the field of non-proliferation, arms control and international security. In 1999, he became a Director of a newly established Russian non-governmental organization – Analytical Center for Non-proliferation – established to facilitate arms control and nonproliferation research in Russia.

Alyn Ware, a peace educator and a consultant for peace and disarmament. Previously, he directed the Peace Foundation Wellington Office (Aotearoa-New Zealand), positioned as a global Coordinator of Parliamentarians for Nuclear Non-proliferation and Disarmament, a director of Aotearoa Lawyers for Peace, and a consultant at Large for the International Association of Lawyers Against Nuclear Arms. Mr. Ware worked on various key international projects, some of which, he worked on UN Coordinator for the World Court Project, which led the effort to achieve a ruling from the International Court of Justice on the legality of the threat or use of nuclear weapons, and drafting coordinator of the model treaty on the abolition of nuclear weapons (Nuclear Weapons Convention) which has been circulated by the United Nations and promoted by UN Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon.